

- (14) Strict enforcement of the Pre-Natal Diagnostic Techniques Act, 1994.
- (15) Soft loans to ensure mobility of the ANMs will be increased.
- (16) The 42nd Constitutional Amendment has frozen the number of representatives in the Lok Sabha (on the basis of population) at 1971 Census levels. The freeze is currently valid until 2001, and has served as an incentive for State Governments to fearlessly pursue the agenda for population stabilisation.

Release of materials to Karnataka under National Malaria Eradication Programme

3971. SHRI K.C. KONDAIAH: Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government have released materials like D.D.T. to Karnataka under National Malaria Eradication Programme (Rural) and Urban Malaria Eradication Programme during 2000-2001;

(b) if so, what is the worth of materials released to Karnataka, so far;

(c) whether it has come to the notice of Government that every time after supplying D.D.T., Government are directing not to use the same;

(d) whether it will not affect the said programme; and

(e) whether Government will take steps to release the amount, instead of materials, to Karnataka under the above programme?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRI A. RAJA): (a) and (b) Under National Anti Malaria Programme (NAMP) (Rural), insecticides namely DDT 50% wp, Malathion 25% and Malathion Technical worth Rs. 111.11 lakhs and drugs namely Chloroquine, Primaquine, Quinine Injection and Quinine Tablets worth Rs. 180.32 lakhs have been supplied during 2000-2001 to Karnataka.

Under Urban Malaria Scheme, larvicides namely Temephos, Fenthion, Pyrethrum Extract worth Rs. 72.66 lakhs and drugs namely

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DEC and Paracetamol worth Rs. 0.92 lakhs have been supplied during the year 2000-01 to the State.

(c) No, Sir.

(d) Does not arise.

(e) As per existing pattern under National Anti Malaria Programme, Central assistance is only in the form of kind. Change in pattern of assistance is not envisaged at this stage.

Condition of Land for opening Dental Colleges

3972. SHRI K.C. KONDAIAH: Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) whether there is a condition that Dental Colleges should have five acres of land;

(b) if so, how many Dental Colleges in the country and in Karnataka do not fulfil the above condition;

(c) whether it has come to the notice of Government that in Bangalore, Belgaum, Mangalore, Hubli and other commercial places, it is difficult to get five acres of land; and

(d) whether Government will allow the Dental Colleges to possess five acres of land at different places in the same city instead of insisting upon them to possess the land at one place?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRI A. RAJA): (a) Yes, Sir. The "Establishment of new dental colleges, opening of higher courses of study and increase of admission capacity in Dental Colleges Regulations, 1993" framed under the Dentists (Amendment) Act, 1993, stipulates "that the minimum 5 acres of land and with constructed area as shown below is owned and possessed by the applicant to set up the proposed Dental College.